This guide is based on the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association 6th Edition. For more details and examples:

- Check out the Lynn Library online guide: [http://lynn-library.libguides.com/apa](http://lynn-library.libguides.com/apa) and
- Consult the Online Writing Lab (OWL) at Purdue: [https://goo.gl/QEAs1c](https://goo.gl/QEAs1c)
- Refer to the APA Style Blog: [http://blog.apastyle.org/](http://blog.apastyle.org/)
- Ask a Lynn Librarian for help at [www.lynn.edu/library](http://www.lynn.edu/library)
- Ask for the APA manual at the Library Information Desk

**ELECTRONIC SOURCES**

**Journal article (with doi):** Author’s names. (Year of publication). Article title. *Journal Title, volume no.*, (issue no), pages. For journal articles, the APA style requires including the Document Object Identifier or doi if available.


- Cited in text: (Herbst-Damm & Kulik, 2005)

**Journal article (no doi available):** Author’s names. (Year of publication). Article title. *Journal Title, volume no.*, (issue no), pages. Retrieved from url


- Cited in text: (Sillick & Schutte, 2006)

**Dialogue iBooks** (for more examples see [http://lynn-library.libguides.com/apa/ibook](http://lynn-library.libguides.com/apa/ibook)): Author. (Year of publication). Title of reading. In Editors of Dialogue Book, Title of dialogue book (edition, page numbers). Place of Publication: Publisher. (If the reading was first published somewhere else, include: original work published [year])


- Cited in text: (McCallister & Weissman, 2015, p. 18)

**E-book:** Author’s name. (Year of publication). *Book title*. Publication information. Retrieved from url


- Cited in text: (Zedillo, 2007)

**Article from newspaper/magazine, with author:** Author name. (Year, Month Day). Article title. *Publication Title*. Retrieved from url


- Cited in text: (Loeb, 2014)
Article from newspaper/magazine, no author: Article title. (Year, Month Day). Newspaper Title. Retrieved from url


Article from website with author (corporate author or individual author(s)):
In general, be careful using sites online for which you can’t find an author. Give as much date information as possible—n.d. for no date.

- Cited in text: (American Medical Association, n.d.)

- Cited in text: (Mishel & Davis, 2015)

Web document on university program or department website:

- Cited in text: (Gates, 2015)

YouTube video: Author or compiler name. (Date showing year, month date). Title of video [Video file]. Retrieved from url

- Cited in text: (Cobalt Agent, 2007)

Streaming television show: Name of person. (His or her role: producer, director, writer, etc.). (Date of production). Title followed by [Television broadcast]. Place of production: Name of Production Company. Retrieved from url.

- Cited in text: (Baldwin, 2015)

Dictionary/encyclopedia entry online:


PRINT SOURCES

Book by a single author: Author’s name. (Year of publication). Book title. Publication information.

- Cited in text: (McPherson, 2009)

Book by two authors: Authors’ names. (Year of publication). Book title. Publication information.

- Cited in text (Beck & Sales, 2001)
Two books, same author (sorted by date, oldest first)


- Cited in text: (Hemingway, 1929), (Hemingway, 1952)

**Edited Book:** Editor’s name. (Ed.). (Year of publication). *Book title*. Publication information.


- Cited in text: (Papazian, 2008)

**Book, no author or editor:** *Title in author position*. (Year of publication). Publication information.


- Cited in text: (Merriam-Webster’s Collegiate Dictionary, 2003)

**Journal, Magazine, and Newspaper Articles (Print)**


- Cited in text: (Mellers, 2001)

**Magazine article:** Author or authors. (Year, Month Day). Title of article. *Title of Magazine, volume number*, page numbers.


- Cited in text: (Kandel & Squire, 2002)

**Daily newspaper, no author:** Article title. (Year, Month Day). *Name of newspaper*, Page numbers preceded by p. or pp.


**AUDIOVISUAL SOURCES**

**Movie or Film recording:** Name of person. (His or her role: producer, director, writer). (Date of production). *Title* followed by [DVD]. Country of production: Name of movie studio.


- Cited in text: (Scorcese, 2000)

**Television broadcast:** Name of person. (His or her role: producer, director, writer). (Year, Month Day). *Title* followed by [Television broadcast]. Place of production: Name of Production Company.


- Cited in text: (Melia, 2015)

**Music recording:** Writer, A. (Date of copyright). Title of song [Recorded by artist if different from writer]. On *Title of Album* [Medium of recording: CD, Record, Cassette, etc.]. Location: Label. (Recording date if different from copyright date)


- Cited in text: (Goodenough, 1982, track 5)
QUOTATIONS

Short Quotations

When a direct quotation is used, always include the author, year, and page number as part of the citation. A quotation of fewer than 40 words should be enclosed in double quotation marks and should be incorporated into the formal structure of the sentence. Include in-text citation after the “ mark, but before the period ending the sentence.

Example:

Patients receiving prayer had "less congestive heart failure, required less diuretic and antibiotic therapy, had fewer episodes of pneumonia, had fewer cardiac arrests, and were less frequently intubated and ventilated" (Byrd, 1988, p. 829).

Long Quotations (block quotes)

Place direct quotations longer than 40 words in a free-standing block of typewritten lines, and omit quotation marks. Start the quotation on a new line, indented five spaces from the left margin. Type the entire quotation on the new margin, and indent the first line of any subsequent paragraph within the quotation five spaces from the new margin. Maintain double-spacing throughout. The parenthetical citation should come after closing punctuation mark.

Example:

Migraine headaches are debilitating:

[They can] cause intense throbbing or a pulsing sensation in one area of the head and is commonly accompanied by nausea, vomiting, and extreme sensitivity to light and sound. Migraine attacks can cause significant pain for hours to days and be so severe that all you can think about is finding a dark, quiet place to lie down. Some migraines are preceded or accompanied by sensory warning symptoms (aura), such as flashes of light, blind spots, or tingling in your arm or leg. (para. 1-3)
INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES

References [centered on page]


General APA Guidelines for formatting your research paper

- Double-space between each line of type on the page. Double-space between all lines of the manuscript.
- Never use single-spacing or one-and-a-half spacing.
- Leave uniform margins of at least 1 inch (2.54 cm.) at the top, bottom, left and right of every page.
- Do not justify lines. Use the flush left style and the right margin uneven.
- The order of manuscript pages is:
  - Page 1: title page with running head, title, byline, institutional affiliation and Author note (if applicable)
  - Page 2: abstract, if required (start on a separate page, numbered page 2)
  - Page 3: text (start on a separate page, numbered page 3)
  - References (start on a separate page)
  - Footnotes (start on a separate page)
  - Tables (start on a separate page)
  - Figures (start each on a separate page; include caption on page with figure)
  - Appendixes (start on a separate page)

Example of the Title page of an APA Manuscript

Running head: INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES

[Title in upper half of page]

Individual Differences in Center

Bimodal Process and Test Recall

Bruce R. Dunn and Kate L. Rush

University of West Florida

Author Note (if applicable)

For more information see the Online APA Formatting Style Guide: http://lynn-library.libguides.com/apa

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